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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/753,844	01/03/2001	Stephan Meyers	4925-55	3228	
75	90 10/05/2005		EXAMINER		
Michael C. Stuart, Esq.			VU, THANH T		
Cohen, Pontani, Lieberman & Pavane Suite 1210			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
551 Fifth Avenue			2174		
New York, NY	10176		DATE MAILED: 10/05/2005	DATE MAILED: 10/05/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Antique Commence	09/753,844	MEYERS ET AL.	MEYERS ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Thanh T. Vu	2174	:				
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover shee	t with the correspondence ac	ddress				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory pe - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by st Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the meanned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMU R 1.136(a). In no event, however, ma riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) atute, cause the application to becom	UNICATION. Bay a reply be timely filed MONTHS from the mailing date of this one ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2	7 June 2005.						
	This action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allo		natters, prosecution as to th	e merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice und	·						
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,3,5 and 14-24</u> is/are pending in	the application						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1.3,5 and 14-24</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction ar	nd/or election requirement.						
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attac	ched Office Action or form P	TO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	eign priority under 35 U.S.	C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
_	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the	•	een received in this National	l Stage				
application from the International Bu	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment(s)							
1) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) ☐ Intervi	ew Summary (PTO-413)					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date							
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 6) Other:							
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:							

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DETAILED ACTION

This communication is responsive to Amendment, filed 04/27/2005.

Claims 1, 3, 5, 14-24 are pending in this application. In the Amendment, claims 2, 4 were cancelled, and claims 1, 3, 14, and 19 were amended.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-4, 14-15, 19-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lynn (U.S. Pat. No 6,595,859) and Humes (U. S. Pat No. 5,996,011).

Per claim 1, Lynn teaches a system for providing discretionary viewing control in displaying data, comprising:

a display for displaying data, the display comprising a plurality of pixels (col. 1, lines 50-53; col. 4, lines 63-67; col. 5, lines 15-30) and

an integrated circuit in connection with said display for processing said data (col. 4, lines 53-62), wherein, for each of the plurality of pixels, said data comprises at least first and second portions of data that are linked together, the first portion including payload data (fig. 2 and 3; col. 1, lines 43-50; col. 5, lines 22-30) and the second portion including metadata (fig. 3; col. 1, lines 50-67), wherein said payload data comprises content for the pixel (fig. 2 and 3; col. 1, lines 43-50; col. 5, lines 22-30) and said metadata comprises a value selected from a predefined set of values which classified the pixel independently for other pixels (fig. 3; col. 1, lines 50-67; col. 3,

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lines 14-25; col. 4, lines 10-24), whereby, because each of the pixels are individually classified according to a particular metadata value selected from the predefined set of values, said integrated circuit is able to perform operation on individuals pixels based on their metadata (fig. 3; col. 1, lines 50-67; col. 3, lines 14-25; col. 4, lines 10-24).

Lynn does not specifically teach a filter for one of blocking and obscuring the content of each of the plurality of pixels that has a metadata value that exceeds a discretionary threshold value without preventing the display of the content of the plurality of pixels that does not have a metadata value that exceeds the discretionary threshold value. However, Humes teaches a filter for one of blocking and obscuring the content of each of the plurality of pixels that has a metadata value that exceeds a discretionary threshold value without preventing the display of the content of the plurality of pixels that does not have a metadata value that exceeds the discretionary threshold value (col. 2, lines 56-63; col. 3, lines 1-8; col. 4, lines 55-58). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to include the teaching of Humes in the invention of Lynn in order to allow the user to download and view only the portions of the web page which are not objectionable.

Claim 3 is rejected under the same rationale as claims 1.

Claim 14, is rejected under the same rationale as claim 1.

Per claim 15, Lynn teaches the data frame of claim 14, wherein the content comprises multiple channels of content (col. 1, lines 43-50; col. 5, lines 22-30).

Claim 19 is rejected under the same rationale as claim 1.

Per claim 20, Lynn teaches the system of claim 19, wherein the processing means comprises hardware, software and/or firmware (fig. 1b; col. 3, lines 43-65).

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Per claim 21, Lynn teaches the system of claim 19, wherein the processing means comprises a graphic board, a browser of markup language documents, and/or an email program (figs. 2 and 3; col. 5, lines 43-65; col. 4, lines 20-24 and lines 39-45).

Per claim 22, Lynn teaches the system of claim 19, wherein the particular categories comprises violent content, pornographic content, and advertisements (figs. 2 and 3; col. 1, lines 43-50; col. 5, lines 22-26).

Claim 23 is rejected under the same rationale as claim 2.

Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lynn (U.S. Pat. No 6,595,859), Humes (U. S. Pat No. 5,996,011) and Reilly (U.S. Pat. No. 6,580,422).

Per claim 5, Lynn and Humes teach the method of claim 3, but does not teach wherein the display is a display on a wireless terminal, and the step of supplying data to the display comprises supplying said data to the display on the wireless terminal. However, Reilly teaches the display is a display on a wireless terminal, and the step of supplying data to the display comprises supplying said data to the display on the wireless terminal (col. 2, lines 1-10 and lines 23-29). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to include the wireless computer as taught by Reilly in the invention of Lynn in order to provide users with transfer of display information to a remote computer through a wireless data link.

Claims 16-17, and 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lynn (U.S. Pat. No 6,595,859) in view of Humes (U.S. Pat No. 5,996,011) and Blumenau (U.S. Pat. No. 6,108,637).

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Per claim 16, Lynn and Humes teach the system of claim 1, but does not teach wherein the integrated circuit comprises means for displaying a display metric, said display metric being the result of multiplying the number of pixels having certain metadata value by the amount of time the pixels are visible on the display. However Blumenau teaches the integrated circuit comprises means for displaying a display metric, said display metric being the result of multiplying the number of pixels having certain metadata value by the amount of time the pixels are visible on the display (fig. 4A-4F; col. 7, lines 9-30; col. 14, lines 1-19). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to include the teaching of Blumenau in the invention of Lynn and Humes in order to determine as to whether and for how long the content display is fully or partially hidden by another displayed images. This information can be useful to indicate the amount of time that the content display was visible to an observer and to aid the content provider in determining which regions of a display screen the content is most likely to be unobstructed.

Claim 17 is rejected under the same rationale as claim 16.

Claim 24 is rejected under the same rationale as claim 16.

Claim 18 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lynn (U.S. Pat. No 6,595,859) in view of Humes (U. S. Pat No. 5,996,011), and Applicant Admitted Prior Art (AAPA).

Per claim 18, Lynn and Humes teaches the data frame of claim 14, but does not teach wherein the payload data comprises a red channel, a blue channel, a green channel, a Z-buffering channel, and an alpha channel. However, AAPA teaches the payload data comprises a red channel, a blue channel, a green channel, a Z-buffering channel, and an alpha channel (Page 6,

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lines 3-20). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time

of the invention to include the teaching of AAPA in the invention of Lynn and Humes in order

for a computer to process and to display a desired mix of colors for images on a computer screen.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to the amendment have been considered but are moot

in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Inquiries

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Thanh T. Vu whose telephone number is (571) 272-4073. The

examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thur and every other Fri 7:30 AM - 5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Kristine L. Kincaid can be reached on (571) 272-4063. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

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SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100

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